A REAL CONTEST

With a nice prize open to everybody.

FIRST We will give away on December 24th a new and interesting game board to every boy or girl, under twenty-one years old, who has built up, by December 1st. checking or savings account amounting to $25.00

SECOND Every Mother and Dad whose checking account shows an average monthly balance of $100.00 or more, for August, September, October and November may have one of these games to use or give away.

COME ON! LET'S GO! and see how many can win.

The Farmers' National Bank

Appomattox, Virginia.

TORTURE SUSPECT LIVED LIKE GIRL

Alleged Coast Fiend Played With Dolls.

Los Angeles.—Little to compare with the monstrous details of the murder case against Stewart Gordon Northcott, twenty-one, and his mother, Mrs Louise Northcott, sixty, ever has been written in the crime records of southern California.

Northcott, a boy who dressed in girl's clothing, played with dolls, and was treated as a daughter by his pampering mother until he reached sixteen, changed with little delay into a person of wild temper and outlandish habits, according to his father.

The father, Cyrus George Northcott, who "knew there was something wrong, but thought things would get better," never passed such years of torment as the last three years after he had moved his family from western Canada to southern California in an effort to make things more favorable to the control of his son.

The Northcott family formerly lived for a time in Kamloops, B. C., near which town the alleged killer of little boys was arrested by Canadian provincial police.

Got into Trouble Early.

The Northcotts, who had amassed enough money from their Canadian farm to establish themselves in a new California by another Canadian family, the Scotts. In the summer of 1925 Stewart Gordon Northcott's predilections first brought himself and his family into trouble. Northcott was arrested on a complaint sworn to by the parents of Philip Scott, ten. Stewart Northcott escaped serious difficulty this time because the law contended there was not enough behind the charges to prosecute.

Evidently Gordon Northcott and his mother became frightened. They persuaded the gray-haired father to pay out cash and buy a chicken farm for the son.

"Instead of getting better," the father said, "things got worse."

Gordon Northcott and his mother persuaded the family of Gordon's sister, Mrs. Winnie Clark of Saskatoon, Sask., to send on Gordon's nephew Sanford Clark, thirteen, to be company for the young man and to help around the place.

Young Clark, now fifteen, hollow-eyed, furtive, and fearful for his life as a result of two years with Gordon Northcott, passed through the torment at the Winnville chicken farm. According to the lad's story—never told to Los Angeles police two weeks to draw from trembling lips—all kinds of things was heaped on him.

Father Feared Death.

"I couldn't do anything with any of them," the father said, "and I feared for my own life. My wife and my boy both made threats to kill me. Finally, last December, I left the farm and came into Los Angeles, and have stayed in the city ever since."

When the father left, Sanford Clark became more than ever the prey of Gordon Northcott, he said. His first surcease came when a lad, about nine and known to him as Walter Collins appeared at the chicken farm. The Collins boy, who was said to have been kidnaped on a street in Los Angeles March 10, was tied up at times Other times he feared to run away. Sanford Clark says he had to stand by, horrified when the Collins boy was killed.

After Collins was out of the way two others came to the death farm Both by name and by their photographs in the album of missing boys in Los Angeles Central police headquarters, identified Lewis Sal as Nelson and Louis Winslow, twelve and ten who vanished from their parents home in Downey about May 10.

After some weeks of the same nightmare as their predecessors, the Winslow boys also were killed, Sanford Clark said. He witnessed the crimes, he added.

Northcott's mother herself struck one of the ax blows that made way with the younger Winslow boy, Clark said. His uncle compelled him to hit the other.

Historic Pine Tree Protected in Deed

Pittsfield, Mass.—Standing alone near the homestead which at one time was the summer home of Oliver Wendell Holmes, is a historic pine tree whose beauty and association have brought it within the circle of legal protection. So greatly is this tree cherished that in the deed which transfers the estate on which it stands occurs the following para graph:

"That the tree known as the Holmes pine, standing by itself in the meadows to the south of the homestead, should be allowed to stand as long as the course of nature permits, and that it shall never be cut down or moved while it remains in a live or healthy condition."

ANCIENT WEATHER LEAVES ITS MARK

Texas Fossils Prove to Be Marks of Drizzle.

Washington. — Recent discoveries made in the Texas Red Beds of Texas, of the Permian age, have proved that the markings described by earlier investigators as trails of many-legged worms, are in reality weather marks, or examples of "fossil weather."

The proof of this statement lies in a small slab of shale which shows numerous parallel markings, large and small, in each abundance that they could not have been made by animals. The designation of the markings as "drizzle runs" indicates the weather conditions in what is now Texas, in that far-off time.

Formed on Mud Flats.

The "chevron" formation of the markings is due to the accumulation of fine mud in a slow run-off on a mud flat, with a gentle slope. Some slight obstruction, such as a grain of sand or a bit of plant material or a hard piece of mud, was enough to start the formation of a slight ridge along which the markings continue.

On another slab of red shale are

Patrician Party Sandwiches

WHEN the fourth Earl of Sandwich originated that delectable combination of bread with other foods (the sandwich), so he wouldn't have to leave the gaming table to eat, he started a food combination which has grown far beyond its early prospects but which has kept, however, its patrician association.

Today we serve sandwiches at teas, formal and informal, at bridge parties, at buffet suppers, at picnics—in fact any time we have guests and wish to serve a light but festive repast.

Make Them Pretty

Although sandwich making is simple, there are a few pointers which, if known, will make their production easier and quicker. The most important point, perhaps, is that the bread should be a day old. If fresher, it is too soft to cut easily into the quarter inch slices; if older, it may be dry. Butter which has been creamed until soft, a variety of fillings and a silver knife, are other essentials of successful sandwich making.

The shape plays an important role in making sandwiches a treat to the eye. So use your fancy cookie cutters. And remember to add a bit of colorful food to your fillings and garnish for the delight to our eyes.

Sandwiches which will be sure to seem delicious to guests are given below:

Chicken Nut Fillings: Mix together contents one small can of boned chicken, diced, one cup chopped nuts, one-half cup mayonnaise, one teaspoon salt, cut in fancy shapes Spread between white or whole wheat bread cut in fancy shapes appropriate to the occasion.

Not Too Nutty

Ripe Olive and Nut Fillings: Chop finely the contents of a small bottle of ripe olives and chop an equal amount of walnuts or blanched almonds if you prefer. Moisten with mayonnaise dressing and spread between thinly sliced and buttered bread, cut in crescents. Press a caper in each end of the crescent.

Shrimp Filling: Melt one and one-half tablespoons butter and add one and one-half tablespoons flour. Stir until smooth, then add one and one-half tablespoons butter; stir until the butter is thoroughly mixed, then remove from the fire and cool. Open a can of shrimps, and chop. Moisten with a dash of lemon juice sauce as is necessary and season with salt, paprika and lemon juice to taste. Spread on one slice of unbuttered bread and cover with a slice of buttered bread.

Rolled Asparagus Sandwiches: Entirely remove crusts from all sides of a very fresh loaf of bread. Cut in thin slices, pile together, wrap tightly in a damp napkin and let stand several hours in a cool place. This softens the bread, so that it can roll without breaking. Then spread each slice with well-buttered butter. Dip a drained stalk of canned asparagus in mayonnaise, place it on the bread and roll the bread tightly around it. Fasten with a toothpick. Rolling the finished pieces tightly in a napkin also helps to keep them from unrolling. Before serving, tie each sandwich with narrow ribbon of a color which will harmonize with your other decorations.

Checkerboards

Pimiento Mosaics: Drain the pimientos from a small can and then run through the meat grinder; drain again. Cream the pimientos with unsalted butter. Cut some slices of white and graham bread one-half inch thick. Spread a slice of graham bread with the butter, place a slice of white bread on it. Cover the bread and cover with another slice of graham. Repeat the process with the other three slices, but begin with the white bread. Put both piles in a cool place under pressure. When the butter is firm trim each pile and cut in half-inch slices. Butter these and put together in such a way as to form a checker board, alternate with a graham one, giving a checkered effect. Again place in a cool place under a light weight and when the butter is hard cut in one inch slices and serve.

Tongue and Mushroom Sandwiches: Slightly brown a can of mushrooms in butter. Dip a drained stalk of canned asparagus in mayonnaise, place it in soup-like mush, accompanied by a pack animal which carries a store of sugar and candy—and finally a grizzled old sourdough arrives at a primitive village he sets up his camp and starts making experiments in home or public place and makes duties for the sweets free of charge and while the children are gathered around him he tells them fable stories in Spanish. In this simple manner he has been the means of bringing recreations into hundreds of homes and to thousands of children.

Lack of Bathing Suits Prevents Lake Rescue

Detroit.—A Detroit doctor, while driving by a Lake Huron beach recently, saw a knot of people looking excitedly out into the lake. He stopped his car and three young men came running up to him.

"There's a fella out there," they cried, pointing toward the lake. "He was swimming and he went down. He drowned!"

"Well, why doesn't some one go in for him?" asked the doctor, and then almost suffered apoplexy when he was told: "Why, we would, but we haven't any bathing suits."

Having no such respect for conventions, the doctor stripped to his underwear and plunged in, but his efforts to rescue were fruitless. He was told the very modest young men, when he emerged, nearly blistered off their hides.

Folly and Madness

Folly consists in drawing of false conclusions from just principles, by which it is distinguished from madness, which draws just conclusions from false principles.—Locke.

GOODYEAR'S

price often duplicated but its Quality --NEVER!

Motorists are learning that there is a big difference in tires, although they look pretty much alike. Some are long on looks and short on quality and mileage. But here is the World's Greatest Tire, and look at our prices:

HIGH PRESSURE			BALLOON	
30x3½ Cl. Cd., Oversize		$ 9.25	29x4.40	$10.25
31x4 SS Cord		14.65	29x4.75	12.85
32x4 SS Cord		15.75	31x5.00	14.45
32x4-1-2 SS Cord		20.90	30x5.25	15.75
			31x5.25	16.50
			32x6.00	18.85

More people ride on Goodyear Tires than any other kind

You may as well have the best. They cost no more.

H. M. Burge Co., Inc.

Appomattox, Va.

Let Us Write Your Insuranc Policy

A. H. CLEMENT, Ag

TIMES-VIRGINIAN

Established 1920

"In the Heart of the Dark Tobacco Belt"

$1.50 per annum in advance

Notify at once of failure to receive paper promptly and regularly.

Entered at the Post-Office at Appomattox as second class matter under act of Congress.

Communications must be accompanied by name and address of writer. Unsolicited manuscripts will not be returned unless accompanied by postage.

ADVERTISING RATES: Reading notices 10c line of five words for each insertion.

Classified advertisements 1c per word each insertion.

Display Advertisements—50c per inch first insertion and 25c per inch for each subsequent insertion.

Legal Advertisements—75c per inch each insertion for four weeks

A. H. CLEMENT, Editor.

THURSDAY, NOV. 22, 1928.

DECLARE "WORN OUT" SOIL IDEA IS WRONG

English Experts Cite 86th Crop on One Plot.

Washington.—Thirty million acres of idle crop land, much of it abandoned on the theory that it is "worn out," some day will be brought back into active production, soil scientists say. It is their conviction that, except in the popular conception, land does not wear out, and that with intelligent management, a field may be seeded to the same crop each consecutive year indefinitely without diminishing the yield.

The most notable example is recorded at Rothamsted experiment station in England, where the 86th consecutive crop of wheat was produced this year on the same land.

The average yield for the entire period has been 35 bushels to the acre, maintained, officials say, by returning to the soil the same elements of plant food in the same quantity they were taken up by each crop.

Begun in 1843.

The experiment, oldest of its kind in the world, was started in 1843, when the station was founded by Sir John Lawes, the originator of commercial fertilizer. England had an exceptionally good growing season this year, and the wheat at Rothamsted stood shoulder high at cutting.

Of more significance to American agriculture, the 48th consecutive crop of wheat on the same land was produced this year at Pennsylvania State college. To the United States what the Rothamsted test is to England the Pennsylvania is the oldest in this country.

Like Rothamsted, it is considered to prove that high yields can be maintained for long periods of years by proper soil and farming practice. Wheat there averaged 23 bushels to the acre, as against 12 bushels to the acre on a neighboring plat, grown with no attention to soil requirements.

In the various phases of soil fertility and conservation Europe is the treasure house of information. It has shown the way, on soils that have been under cultivation a shorter time than the subutilized areas, to a culture based on the fertility has been mined and exhausted.

Land Abandoned Here.

The census of 1920 showed 958,000,000 acres of land in farms in this country. By 1925 it had drooped to 924,000,000 acres, or an abandonment of 32,000,000 acres. During the same period there was a net abandonment of 76,700 farms.

It is admitted that various influences are responsible for the abandonment, but the soil scientist maintains that had the land been highly productive less of it would have been left idle.

Map 7,500 Square Miles of Unknown Alaska

Washington. — More than 7,500 square miles of mountainous country in little-known Alaska territory, namely the southeastern regions, were mapped this last summer by topographic and engineers of the United States geological survey, according to Dr. Philip Smith, chief of the Alaska branch of the survey, who has just returned to Washington.

Doctor Smith explained that while only about 60 per cent of the vast Alaska territory is surveyed properly for practical purposes, there being several hundred thousand square miles yet to be mapped geologically and topographically in the northern and the southwestern regions, nevertheless the geologist finds with respect to mineral, fur and trade importance are now well known to science.

One of the survey parties, Doctor Smith said, completed a thorough topographic map survey of the Ketchikan district, which shows strong timber and recovering important ash deposits. Under F. H. Moffit, topographic engineer, the government surveyed some 1,500 miles of territory which had been surveyed by parties two years ago, but which never before had been properly mapped.

Strangest Migration

This is the season of the return of the caribou to Alaskan feeding grounds. These animals travel in a huge circle below the arctics, visiting their feeding grounds once a year. Seven million animals are in the herd.

LATEST DEVICE TO MAKE MOVIES TALK

Engineers Give Public Test of Photophone.

New York.—The "photophone," the very latest gadget employed to make the movies talk, was tested here. Engineers of the General Electric company and the Radio Corporation of America have been working on it for years.

Secretary of the Navy Curtis D. Wilbur's Navy Day speech was selected as the first to test the new process publicly.

"Secretary of the Navy Curtis D. Wilbur speaks upon the naval policy of the United States on Navy day," read the first subtitle of the resulting talkie.

The next subtitle read: "Hon. Curtis D. Wilbur, secretary of the navy."

A flash there he was on the screen, standing at a speaker's table.

"Ladies and gentlemen," Secretary Wilbur began clearly, evenly, "this has been a year of great advances in naval construction and naval policy. During this year we have added to our navy two great aircraft carriers, the Saratoga—"

At this point Secretary Wilbur's image faded from the screen, though his voice lingered. In place of Secretary Wilbur appeared an interesting view of the aircraft carrier Saratoga at sea.

"—and the Lexington—" the secretary's voice said.

Thereupon the aircraft carrier Lexington appeared, throwing plumes of water from its prow and humming with airplanes taking off and landing on its deck. While Secretary Wilbur went ahead to give the tonnage and dimensions of the aircraft carriers the audience admired them. The speaker's image came again into view.

"We are also adding two new dirigibles to our navy," he was adding, in the talkie, "each of which will be larger than the Los Angeles—"

The Los Angeles floated into view, "—and even larger than the Graf Zeppelin—"

The Graf Zeppelin immediately appeared off Sandy Hook, nosing its way toward Lakehurst. Secretary Wilbur's voice went on, giving the dimensions of the new U. S. N. dirigibles, while the audience watched the Zep. He went on in this manner, talking up submarines, which suddenly appeared in a froth of foam in front of the listeners, and fighting aircraft, which zoomed in formation as he talked.

Machinist Says Watch Is 803 Years Old

Gary, Ind.—What is said to be one of the oldest watches in the world is owned by Edward Perniand, a local machinist, who claims his timepiece is 803 years old.

The ancient "ticker" was manufactured at Nuremberg, England, and weighs more than half a pound. Inscribed upon the brass mechanism is the word "Buckingham" and under it the numerals "7125." The machinist insists that the figures represent the year in which the watch was made.

However, the Encyclopedia Britannica credits the first real application of the pocket watch as one result during the latter part of the Fifth tenth century in Nuremberg, Germany.

Fernland said that his timepiece has been in his possession 30 years.

The stem projects from the back of the case. Ornate carving is prominent, and even the cogs, wheels, balance staff and supporting posts are engraved with scrolls and decorative work.

In support of his contention that the watch actually was manufactured in 1125, Fernland said there is a tradition in the Fernland family that when bought the first watch that was made and presented it to a Russian sovereign, who ordered it destroyed immediately when he heard it ticking.

Red Beard of King Is Relic at Emory

Atlanta, Ga.—The beard of an English king—red as that—has been added to the museum of Emory university here.

Once supposed to have adorned the royal chin of Edward IX, who died in the Thirteenth century, the whiskerage was presented to the school through the good offices of Sir Malcolm last summer by Ernest S. Howlett of Norwich, England.

Sir Malcolm's reasons for its authenticity. It was given to him by an intimate friend, Sir Ernest de la Pole, baronet, whose ancestor, John de la Pole, duke of Suffolk, married Elizabeth of York, sister of Edward IX and III.

The board now occupies a prominent place in a glass case among the university's collection of Egyptian mummies and relics for which its museum has long been noted.

Worker Finds Diamond Size of Hen's Egg

Kimberley, South Africa.—A diamond the size of a hen's egg and weighing 282 carats was recently picked up by a native employee at Bud Hole Diggings in Darkly West. It is the largest diamond ever found in alluvial diggings and was sold for $222,000. The merchant who bought it from the native paid him $120,000 in the stone and gave him a check for the balance.

Teaches Home Economics

The United States bureau of home economics was established in 1923. It fills a dual role. Its findings are valuable to those who are interested in intelligent consumption and to those interested in efficient production of household equipment, foodstuffs and other goods and services used in the home.

TUNNEL SAFETY TESTS EXPLAINED

Experiments With Humans Forecast Dangers.

New York.—How modern tunnels for vehicles under rivers, such as the Holland tunnel under the Hudson, have been made possible by means of experiments on animals and experiments in which full-sized autos were driven through a small experimental tunnel, is revealed in a report to the Engineering Foundation here by A. C. Fieldner, chief engineer of the experiment station division of the United States bureau of mines.

When the Holland tunnel was first proposed, says Mr. Fieldner, many engineers thought that it would be impossible to ventilate. The amount of poisonous carbon monoxide given off in the exhaust was thought to be so great that it could not be carried away.

Experiments made by Prof. Yandell Henderson at Yale university showed that as much carbon monoxide in the air as four parts in 10,000 would not be harmful if the exposure did not exceed an hour.

The first experiments were made on animals, then Professor Henderson and his students tried it on themselves.

Then an experimental tunnel was built at the experimental mine of the bureau of mines near Pittsburgh. This was 9 feet wide, 8 feet high and 400 feet long. Above the ceiling was an air duct three feet high and below the floor was one two and one-half feet high. Either could be used for introducing fresh air or for exhausting contaminated air.

Small automobiles were driven back and forth through the tunnel at a speed of ten miles an hour and at 40 foot intervals. Tests were made with various methods of removing and admitting the air, and examinations of the drivers by blood tests were made before and after.

It was found that the most efficient method of ventilating was to admit the fresh air at the bottom and to remove it at the top.

Another safety device developed by the bureau of mines in use in the Holland tunnel is an automatic carbon monoxide recording machine, which rings a bell and flashes a danger light when the gas becomes more concentrated than four parts in 10,000. Then immediate steps can be taken to increase the circulation of air.

Ideal Beau Must Have Job, Say Atlanta Debs

Atlanta, Ga.—A serious-minded man who sends flowers, who does not dance with his eyes closed, a man who has a job, a sense of humor and an auto mobile, unless the most desirable beau, say members of this year's deb

NOTICE.

BE IT ORDAINED by the Town Council of the Town of Pamplin, Virginia, that an advertisement be published in the Times Virginian, a newspaper published in the County of Appomattox, once a week for four consecutive weeks, inviting bids for a franchise proposed to be granted in and by the following ordinance:

An ordinance granting to ..... a franchise to construct, erect and operate electric poles, wires and other appliances in, upon, over, along and under the streets, alleys and public places of the Town of Pamplin for the purpose of supplying electric light, heat and power.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF PAMPLIN, VIRGINIA:

(1) That there be and there is hereby granted to ..... his successors and or assigns (hereinafter generally called the GRANTEE), a franchise right and authority, subject to the conditions and restrictions hereinafter set out or such as may be imposed by the laws of the State of Virginia, to use the streets, alleys and public places in the said town of Pamplin, Virginia, for the purpose of constructing and or acquiring, owning, maintaining, operating and using in, on, over, under and through said streets, alleys and public places, poles, towers, wires, transformers, conduits, subways and other fixtures and appliances, and the right to transmit therein, thereon and therefrom currents of electricity of such voltage as the GRANTEE may require, and the right to supply and sell electric current for light, heat, power and other practicable uses to said town and to the residents thereof.

(2) This franchise is granted subject to the following conditions, restrictions and limitations:

(a) The duration of the franchise hereby granted shall be thirty (30) years from and after the date of the written acceptance thereof by the GRANTEE as hereinafter provided for.

(b) The construction and material to be used and the work to be done under this ordinance shall be such as is used and done by like companies doing like business in towns of substantially the same size as Pamplin. The location of all pipes and conduits and the erection and location of all posts, towers, poles, fixtures and other structures in the streets of said town under this ordinance shall be subject to the approval of the Committee on Streets of the Council of Pamplin, and such conduits, pipes, towers, poles and or structures as aforesaid shall not be erected on streets, the said Committee on Streets, the same having refused to grant such approval for want of proper compliance; provided, however, that said poles shall be neat, symmetrical and stripped of bark, and that all work done under this ordinance shall be done in such a manner as not to needlessly interfere with or impede the free and proper use of the streets by the public nor unnecessarily obstruct the travel thereof.

(c) When requested in writing by the council of the town of Pamplin, the GRANTEE shall permit its poles to be used, without compensation from the said town, for the purpose of placing and maintaining thereon any fire or police alarm, telegraph or telephone wires, necessary for the exclusive use of the police or fire department of the said town, provided that such wires and other fixtures shall be attached to the poles of the GRANTEE under the supervision of an agent of the GRANTEE, and at the cost of the said town, and provided further that such use by the said town of the poles and appliances of the GRANTEE shall in no way interfere with the use of said poles and appliances by the said GRANTEE, and provided further that the town of Pamplin shall indemnify and save harmless the said GRANTEE from any and all loss, injury or damage, costs or expense which the said GRANTEE may be subjected to by reason of or as a result of such use of said poles by the said town.

(d) The work to be done under this ordinance, the plans and specifications for the said and the erection of the structures to be erected shall be done, and all erected so as not to damage the water pipes or sewerage pipes of the town of Pamplin or interfere with or impede the said town, its servants or employees in any way approaching the said water pipes or sewerage pipes, or in any way unnecessarily interfere with the working of connections by the town or by the citizens thereof with the water pipes and sewerage pipes which may now or hereafter be laid or constructed in said town.

(e) Whenever any of the poles or other fixtures of the GRANTEE erected under this franchise, shall prove to be in the way of public street improvements actually being made in the said town of Pamplin, the said town shall have the right to cause or compel the said GRANTEE to move the same to such point as the said works so that such improvements may be made and upon the failure of the said GRANTEE so to move its poles, fixtures and appliances, the said street improvements, after thirty (30) days notice in writing to it in writing, then the said town reserves the right to make such necessary changes in the works of said GRANTEE and at the expense and expense of the said GRANTEE.

(f) After the construction, erection, laying, repairing or replacing of any of the poles, towers, fixtures, conduits or other appliances under this ordinance, the said GRANTEE shall at its own cost promptly restore the pavement and restore as nearly as practicable to the original condition of the public all streets or sidewalks disturbed or damaged in the construction, repairing or replacement of the work authorized to be done under this franchise; and upon failure to do so after thirty (30) days' notice in writing shall have been given by the mayor or council of said town, the said town may relay or repair the portions of streets or sidewalks that may have been so damaged or disturbed and collect the cost so incurred from the said GRANTEE.

(g) Only the acceptance of this franchise by the said GRANTEE hereby agree to indemnify and save harmless the said town of Pamplin from all loss, costs and expenses to which said town may be subjected for any injury to or destruction that may be done or suffered by anyone in person or property, for which the town of Pamplin may be held liable by reason of any work done under this franchise.

(h) The GRANTEE shall have the right to cut, under the supervision of a representative of the Town Council, any and all trees in the streets of said town such limbs or branches as may be necessary to keep its wires and other fixtures and appliances free from interference therefrom and in a safe and efficient operating condition.

(i) The GRANTEE shall maintain sufficient service of electricity for light, heat, power and other practicable uses thereof for the public in said town at reasonable rates of charges therefor, and shall maintain its property constructed, acquired and used for such public service in said town in good condition throughout the term for which this franchise is granted, except when prevented from so doing by fires, freshets, strikes and causes beyond its control which may temporarily prevent the maintenance of such service and such condition of the property. But the suspension of electric service in said town by the said GRANTEE in the day time for the purpose of making repairs, additions and alterations to its transmission lines, plant or distributing system shall not be construed by the council as a failure to maintain said property in good condition, nor as a failure to maintain efficient service.

(j) The efficiency of the service under this franchise and the reasonableness of the rates of charges to the public therefor, and the reasonableness of the rules and regulations affecting such service to the public are to be determined by the State Corporation Commission, or by such other legally and properly constituted regulatory body as may have jurisdiction under the laws of the State of Virginia to determine such matters.

(k) Nothing in this ordinance shall be construed as granting to the ..... its successors or assigns, an exclusive franchise, and the town council hereby reserves the right to grant a like franchise and privilege to any other company, person or persons for like purposes, or to exercise such rights privileges itself.

(l) While this franchise grants to the GRANTEE the right to put its conduits, wires, cables and other appliances upon the surface of the streets, alleys and public places in said town, nothing herein contained shall be construed as giving the said town the right to require the GRANTEE to place its wires, conduits or other appliances under the surface of any of the streets of said town.

(m) This ordinance and the rights and privileges herein granted and conferred shall not become effective unless and until the GRANTEE shall file with the Clerk of the Town Council a written acceptance thereof and shall enter into a bond in the sum of $100.00 with security satisfactory to the council of said town, conditioned to the effect that the GRANTEE will construct or acquire and maintain the works provided for and reasonably necessary for the exercise of the rights and privileges granted by this ordinance and will maintain the same in good condition throughout the term of this grant as aforesaid, and will comply in all respects with the terms, conditions and provisions of this ordinance.

This ordinance shall be in force from its passage.

BE IT ORDAINED, that bids in writing for the franchise, privileges and rights proposed to be granted by the above authority be delivered on the 29th day of November, 1928, to W. P. Rice, Mayor and presiding officer, at the State Bank of Pamplin in the Town of Pamplin; that the Council of the Town of Pamplin reserves the right to reject any and all bids, and to reject a higher bid and grant such franchise, rights and privileges to any lower bidder as authorized by law, or to advertise for further bids, as provided by law, provided, however, that the purchaser of said franchise, rights and privileges shall, before exercising the rights and privileges herein granted execute a bond with good and sufficient security to be approved by the Mayor, Treasurer of said town in the sum of One Thousand ($1000.00) Dollars, conditioned to the effect that the said grantee will construct and put into operation the plant or plants, provided for and reasonably necessary for the rights and privileges granted in and by this ordinance within one year from the date of the passage of this ordinance, and will maintain the same in good order throughout the term of this grant, and will render efficient public service at reasonable rates as may from time to time be prescribed or authorized by the State Corporation Commission of the State of Virginia.

Members voting for the adoption of this ordinance:

W. R. BRIGHTWELL,
N. E. FARRAR,
HOWARD WILLIAMS,
F. H. LUKIN,
C. E. PETERSON,
G. M. LIGON.

Members voting against the adoption of this ordinance: None.

Approved:

W. R. RICE,
Mayor.

11-1-4t

Pests Eat Pests!

Blackbird may be seen descending on wheat fields in flocks of hundreds. For every bushel of grain that they consume they have first eaten five bushels of insects, the latter if left unmolested to feed and propagate would account for a dozen bushels for the year's end.

RELIEF FROM CURSE OF CONSTIPATION

A Battle Creek physician says, "Constipation is the curse of more misery than any other cause."

But immediate relief has been found. It is called Bexall Orderlies-attracts water to the intestines and stimulates them to normal action. Relieves the dry, food wastes and causes the poisons to be eliminated without forming a habit or ever increasing the dose.

Bexall Orderlies are delicious. Chew them like candy—10 cents. Next day bright! Get 24 for 10c today at your Bexall Drug Store.—CHAS. F. JAMES.

Come to LeGrand's Market

Fresh Meats

ALL THE TIME

STAPLE AND GREEN

Groceries

LeGRAND'S

666

Is A Prescription for

Colds, Grippe, Flu, Dengue, Bilious Fever and Malaria.

It is the most speedy remedy known

CLASSIFIED ADS

Post Land—Cards at this office—3 for 5c.

For Rent or sale at Evergreen—3-room house, garden and well on public road. Terms easy. A. H. Clement.

For Rent Near Appomattox—Two new 4-room houses, outbuildings, well and gardens A. H. Clement, Agt.

For Rent—Close in 115½ farm with dwelling and outhouses. A. H. Clement, Agt.

Sell what you desire by inserting notice in this column at one cent per word.

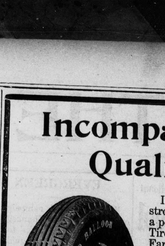
FOR SALE—Sewing Machine, Davis Drop-Head in good order. First $10 gets it. Apply at this office. tf

Brass Bed, Springs and Mattress—good condition, $15. Apply at this office. tf

Center Table—Polished Oak—good as new $5. Apply at this office. tf

Refrigerator—White enamel—large size—Apply at this office. tf

Incomparable Quality



Incomparable quality! A strong statement but also a positive fact. Here is the Tire built to give the Farmer the same satisfactory service as the City user. A TIRE so well built that no additional expense could improve it or add a single mile to its performance.

Right today there's probably a tire on your car or truck that's ready to quit the road. Why not replace it with a VIRGINIA MADE PRODUCT. Virginia products are as good as can be bought. Once a Bedford user; always a BEDFORD BOOSTER.

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In the matter of banking are just as extensive and important as those of any other business man, for farming is the biggest business in the country.

The Peoples National Bank makes a specialty of meeting the banking requirements of the farmers of this district, and its service is friendly, intelligent and complete.

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"THE SERVICE STORE"

Appomattox, Virginia.